

令和3年度  
宇都宮短期大学附属高等学校入学試験問題

英 語

注 意

- 1 監督者の「始め」の合図があるまでは、開いてはいけません。
- 2 試験時間は、掲示されている時間割のと通りの50分間です。
- 3 問題数は大きな問題が5問で、表紙を除いて10ページです。4Cと5は記述問題です。
- 4 解答用紙の答え方は、おもて面がマークシート方式でうら面が記述式です。
- 5 監督者の指示にしたがって、試験開始前に解答用紙冊子から解答用紙を切り離し、おもて面とうら面の受験番号を確認後、氏名を決められた欄に書きなさい。
- 6 答えは、それぞれの解答用紙に記載されている注意事項にしたがって、ていねいに記入しなさい。
- 7 試験中に質問があれば、手をあげて監督者に聞きなさい。
- 8 監督者の「やめ」の合図があったら、すぐやめて、鉛筆をおきなさい。

**1**

次の 1 ～ 5 の問いに答えなさい。

- 1 次の英文の ( ) に入る最も適切なものを選びなさい。

This team is good, but not as good as ( ).

ア ours                      イ ourselves                      ウ us                      エ we

- 2 次の英文の下線部の内容と最も近い意味を表すものを選びなさい。

A : It's getting late. I must go home now.

B : Can you stay a little longer?

ア You should go home now.                      イ I think so, too.

ウ I hope you will stay.                      エ See you again.

- 3 次の英文を読み、Question に対する最も適切な答えを選びなさい。

The Florida Keys are a group of small islands in the US. They are home to an animal called "key deer". Because the islands are small, it is difficult for them to find enough food. So they have to move to other islands to find things to eat. As a result, they have become very good at swimming.

(注) the Florida Keys = フロリダ諸島      key deer = キーディア (シカの一種)  
as a result = (その)結果として

Question : Why is it difficult for the key deer to find enough food?

ア Because they can't swim.

イ Because they live on the small islands.

ウ Because they can move to other islands.

エ Because they are not good at finding food.

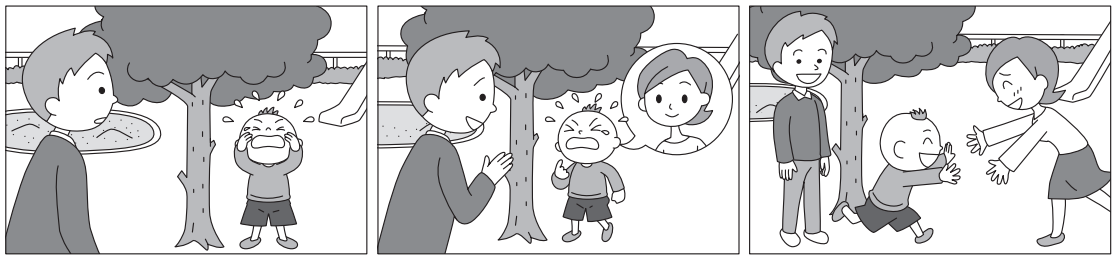
4 次の英文の ( ) に入る最も適切な語の組み合わせを選びなさい。

In 2020, young trees were planted at a university in the United States to ( ① ) the atomic bombings in 1945. They ( ② ) from the seeds of an old tree in Hiroshima. The tree ( ③ ) the bombing 75 years ago.

(注) plant = ～を植える      bombing(s) = 爆撃      seeds = 種

- |   |            |           |            |
|---|------------|-----------|------------|
| ア | ① remain   | ② grown   | ③ survived |
| イ | ① remind   | ② growing | ③ survival |
| ウ | ① repeat   | ② grow    | ③ survival |
| エ | ① remember | ② grew    | ③ survived |

5 次の連続した絵を見て、 ,  に入る英文の組み合わせとして最も適切なものを選びなさい。



I was walking in the park and I saw a little boy under the big tree. He was crying.

I said to him, " " He said, "I can't find my mother." So we looked for her together.

When we found her at last,

- |   |                           |                    |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|
| ア | A What do you do?         | B he looked happy. |
| イ | A What's up?              | B he began to cry. |
| ウ | A What's wrong?           | B he ran to her.   |
| エ | A What are you doing now? | B he looked angry. |

**2**

大学生の廉（Ren）と日本に留学しているジェニファー（Jennifer）が、コンビニエンスストアの営業について話をしています。これを読んで、1～5の問いに答えなさい。

*Ren* : I am hungry. Can I go to a convenience store?

*Jennifer* : Sure. Convenience stores are ( ① ) in our lives. They are open all night. Actually, there is no convenience store in my hometown. A lot of stores even close on Sundays.

*Ren* : Well, there is some debate about keeping stores open 24 hours a day.

*Jennifer* : Oh, why is that?

*Ren* : It is not ( ② ) for some store owners to find enough staff to keep their stores open day and night. These owners have to work long hours every day.

*Jennifer* : Why don't they close their stores at night if they cannot find anyone for night time?

*Ren* : Perhaps they can, but convenience store companies do not want them to ③ do so. They want to keep the image that convenience stores are always open.

*Jennifer* : How about putting self-checkout machines in their stores? Then, store owners won't have to find staff to work at night. They can also cut expenses.

*Ren* : That is a good idea, but what happens if the machines break?

*Jennifer* : That might happen, .

*Ren* : Right, but I still prefer ( ④ ) stores. Sometimes I want to ask store clerks for help when I cannot find goods I am looking for.

*Jennifer* : I understand that.

*Ren* : This problem is difficult to solve.

*Jennifer* : That sounds interesting.

(注) debate = 議論    self-checkout = セルフレジ    expenses = 経費

1 本文中の ( ① ), ( ② ), ( ④ ) に入る最も適切な語の組み合わせを選びなさい。

- |                |             |               |
|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| ア ① open       | ② good      | ④ new         |
| イ ① close      | ② bad       | ④ old         |
| ウ ① convenient | ② difficult | ④ popular     |
| エ ① useful     | ② easy      | ④ traditional |

2 下線部③の内容として最も適切なものを選びなさい。

- |                              |                               |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ア open their stores at night | イ close their stores at night |
| ウ find anyone for night time | エ find anyone for day time    |

3 本文中の  に入る最も適切なものを選びなさい。

- |                             |                              |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| ア and probably so often     | イ and certainly too much     |
| ウ but probably not so often | エ but certainly not too much |

4 本文中の  に入る最も適切なものを選びなさい。

- ア What will we talk about in our class tomorrow?
- イ What will they talk about in their class tomorrow?
- ウ Why don't we talk about it in our class tomorrow?
- エ Why don't they talk about it in their class tomorrow?

5 この対話文のテーマとして最も適切なものを選びなさい。

- ア Many useful ways to use convenience stores.
- イ Many advantages of self-checkout machines.
- ウ Are convenience stores necessary for our lives?
- エ Should convenience stores stay open 24 hours?

**3**

次の英文を読んで、1 ～ 5 の問いに答えなさい。

Many people who live in the city take the train to work and walk on crowded streets. In some parts of the city, it's hard to see a little green or a bird that isn't a crow or a pigeon. During the holidays, many people leave the city for the country. We may not realize it, but time with nature is something our body needs.

Perhaps [ ① ]. The sun's rays help our body to make vitamin D, and it makes our bones strong. Also, with [ **A** ], we can know what time we should go to sleep and what time we should get up — a rhythm which can be broken by computer screens. Sunlight reduces the danger of suffering from depression, too. In northern countries, the winter is very long and dark, ② so many people feel happier in summer and sadder in winter.

Studies have even shown that walking on the ground in bare feet greatly improves your health. Our immune system works best when we get an appropriate supply of electrons. These electrons are obtained naturally when we put our feet on the ground. Electrons from the ground have antioxidant effects that protect our bodies. When we walk on concrete and plastic, we don't get these things. So when you go out in nature, remember to ( ③ ) your shoes.

And finally, don't forget to breathe in nature. The air in the country is much fresher than that in the city. People often report that when they are exercising in nature, they have more [ **B** ] than when they are exercising in a gym. So if you're feeling down, take the world's best [ **C** ] — nature!

(注) crow = カラス    pigeon = ハト    vitamin D = ビタミン D    bones = 骨  
depression = うつ病    northern = 北方の    in bare feet = 裸足で  
immune system = 免疫機能    appropriate supply = 適度な供給  
electrons = 電子    are obtained = 得られる  
antioxidant effects = 抗酸化作用 (身体の酸化を抑える作用)  
concrete = コンクリート    breathe = 呼吸する

1 本文中の [ ① ] に入る英文として最も適切なものを選びなさい。

- ア the most important thing is sunlight
- イ sunlight is not the most important thing
- ウ the air is as important as sunlight
- エ sunlight is more important than the air

2 本文中の 

A
---

 ~ 

C
---

 に入る最も適切な語の組み合わせを選びなさい。

- |              |            |            |
|--------------|------------|------------|
| ア A energy   | B medicine | C sunlight |
| イ A sunlight | B energy   | C medicine |
| ウ A medicine | B sunlight | C energy   |
| エ A sunlight | B medicine | C energy   |

3 下線部②の理由として最も適切なものを選びなさい。

- ア There is not enough sunlight in winter.
- イ There is not a lot of sunlight in summer.
- ウ There is a little sunlight in summer.
- エ There is too much sunlight in winter.

4 本文中の ( ③ ) に入る最も適切なものを選びなさい。

- ア put on                      イ put off                      ウ take on                      エ take off

5 本文の内容と一致しないものを選びなさい。

- ア 日光はうつ病に悩まされる危険性を減らす。
- イ 裸足で地面を歩くと、健康が大いに改善される。
- ウ 私たちの免疫機能は、新鮮な空気を吸った時に最も活性化する。
- エ 太陽光線は、私たちの身体がビタミンDを作り出す手助けをする。

**4**

放送に従って、次の **A** ～ **C** の問いに答えなさい。

**A** 放送される英文の応答として、最も適当なものを選びなさい。  
英文は1度だけ流れます。

- 1 **ア** Let's go today instead.  
**イ** OK, I'll draw a picture.  
**ウ** No, I haven't been there.  
**エ** I'm sorry. I have many things to do.

- 2 **ア** I'm willing to help.  
**イ** No, I don't work here.  
**ウ** No thanks. I'm just looking.  
**エ** Certainly. What would you like?

- 3 **ア** No, I really like tennis.  
**イ** No, I was busy that day.  
**ウ** Yes, I joined it yesterday.  
**エ** Yes, I'd really like to play with you.

- 4 **ア** I found it was difficult.  
**イ** Yesterday and today.  
**ウ** Once or twice a week.  
**エ** I've played once before.

- 5 **ア** Yes, I can.  
**イ** Yes, of course.  
**ウ** No, you don't have to.  
**エ** No, not at all.



B 放送される英文を聞き、最も適当なものを選びなさい。英文と質問は2度流れます。

1



ア

イ

ウ

エ

- 2 ア She is busy tonight.  
イ She is busy until Friday.  
ウ He is busy on Friday night.  
エ He is busy on Saturday.
- 3 ア Cloudy and rainy.  
イ Cloudy and sunny.  
ウ Cloudy.  
エ Sunny.
- 4 ア At 6:30.  
イ At 6:45.  
ウ At 7:15.  
エ At 7:45.
- 5 ア Winter in Yokohama is not as cold as in Vancouver.  
イ Summer in Yokohama is much hotter than in Vancouver.  
ウ Mike Tedder grew up in Yokohama.  
エ Mike Tedder has lived in Yokohama for five years.

ここから記述問題になります。  
解答は記述用解答用紙に記入してください。

- C 放送される英文を聞き、( )に入る最も適切な1語を英語で書きなさい。  
英文は2度流れます。

## Profile Card



This is my friend Tom. He is 15 years old. He is from California, in the U.S. He likes playing the ( 1 ) and watching basketball games. He enjoys ( 2 ) mountains. He is ( 3 ) in science and wants to win the Nobel Prize someday.

**5**

次のA～Cのそれぞれの問いに答えなさい。

**A** 次の（ ）内の語を適当な形に変化させなさい。

1 Don't give up too (easy)!

2 John's old comic books were (throw) away by his mother.

**B** 次の(a)(b)の英文がほぼ同じ意味になるように（ ）に適当な1語を入れなさい。

3 (a) What does the word mean?

(b) What is the ( ) of the word?

4 (a) No one can run faster than Jim in his class.

(b) Jim is the ( ) runner in his class.

**C** 次の（ ）内の語を日本語の意味になるように並べかえなさい。ただし、文頭にくる語も小文字で示しています。

5 窓のそばにいるあの背の高い女性は私のおばです。

(is / by / woman / that / the / window / tall) my aunt.

6 これは日本で制作された有名な映画です。

This (produced / the / is / famous / is / which / movie) in Japan.

